



## Increased network security thanks to series 2000 switches

Guidelines for network security



# Guidelines for network security

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UM EN QS FL SWITCH 2000 SECURITY, Revision 01

2020-07-30

This user manual is valid for:

| Designation              | Order No. | Designation             | Order No. |
|--------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|-----------|
| FL NAT 2208              | 2702882   | FL SWITCH 2312-2GC-2SFP | 2702910   |
| FL NAT 2304-2GC-2SFP     | 2702981   | FL SWITCH 2314-2SFP     | 1006191   |
| FL SWITCH 2204-2TC-2SFX  | 2702334   | FL SWITCH 2314-2SFP PN  | 1031683   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2FX       | 2702330   | FL SWITCH 2316          | 2702909   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2FX SM    | 2702331   | FL SWITCH 2316 PN       | 1031673   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2FX SM ST | 2702333   | FL SWITCH 2404-2TC-2SFX | 1088853   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2FX ST    | 2702332   | FL SWITCH 2406-2SFX     | 1043414   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2SFX      | 2702969   | FL SWITCH 2406-2SFX PN  | 1089126   |
| FL SWITCH 2206-2SFX PN   | 1044028   | FL SWITCH 2408          | 1043412   |
| FL SWITCH 2206C-2FX      | 1095628   | FL SWITCH 2408 PN       | 1089133   |
| FL SWITCH 2207-FX        | 2702328   | FL SWITCH 2412-2TC-2SFX | 1088875   |
| FL SWITCH 2207-FX SM     | 2702329   | FL SWITCH 2414-2SFX     | 1043423   |
| FL SWITCH 2208 PN        | 1044024   | FL SWITCH 2414-2SFX PN  | 1089139   |
| FL SWITCH 2208C          | 1095627   | FL SWITCH 2416          | 1043416   |
| FL SWITCH 2212-2TC-2SFX  | 2702907   | FL SWITCH 2416 PN       | 1089150   |
| FL SWITCH 2214-2FX       | 2702905   | FL SWITCH 2504-2GC-2SFP | 1088872   |
| FL SWITCH 2214-2FX SM    | 2702906   | FL SWITCH 2506-2SFP     | 1043491   |
| FL SWITCH 2214-2SFX      | 1006188   | FL SWITCH 2506-2SFP PN  | 1089135   |
| FL SWITCH 2214-2SFX PN   | 1044030   | FL SWITCH 2508          | 1043484   |
| FL SWITCH 2216           | 2702904   | FL SWITCH 2508 PN       | 1089134   |
| FL SWITCH 2216 PN        | 1044029   | FL SWITCH 2512-2GC-2SFP | 1088856   |
| FL SWITCH 2304-2GC-2SFP  | 2702653   | FL SWITCH 2514-2SFP     | 1043499   |
| FL SWITCH 2306-2SFP      | 2702970   | FL SWITCH 2514-2SFP PN  | 1089154   |
| FL SWITCH 2306-2SFP PN   | 1009222   | FL SWITCH 2516          | 1043496   |
| FL SWITCH 2308           | 2702652   | FL SWITCH 2516 PN       | 1089205   |
| FL SWITCH 2308 PN        | 1009220   |                         |           |

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# 1 Increased network security thanks to series 2000 switches

This quick start guide describes the options for increasing the security of your network using the series 2000 switches (FL SWITCH 2.../FL NAT2...) from Phoenix Contact. In the following, the individual functions and the configuration are explained step by step.

## 1.1 Overview of measures

Ethernet networks allow for seamless communication from the sensor to the office network and are therefore suitable for the networking of all areas. However, digital progress also means being more vulnerable to cyber attacks. Therefore, you have to protect components, networks, and systems against unauthorized access and ensure the integrity of data. As a part of this, you have to take organizational and technical measures to protect network-capable devices.


We recommend that the following measures should be considered at the very least.

### Options for increasing network security

- Changing the default password
- Using the current firmware version
- Using safe transmission protocols for device management
- Disabling unused services
- Disabling unused automation protocols
- Disabling unused routers or switch ports
- Disabling the SD card
- Disabling smart mode buttons
- Using the RADIUS protocol and MAC-based port security

## 1.2 Changing the default password

The passwords for login are a major obstacle for an attacker, and they are easy to configure. In delivery state, the password is “private”. The default password is given in the user manuals and therefore accessible for everybody. Attackers try to access systems via known default passwords or weak passwords (e.g., PW01, PW02, test1234, etc.)

 Change the password directly during startup. The password must have a certain complexity and minimum length of eight characters.

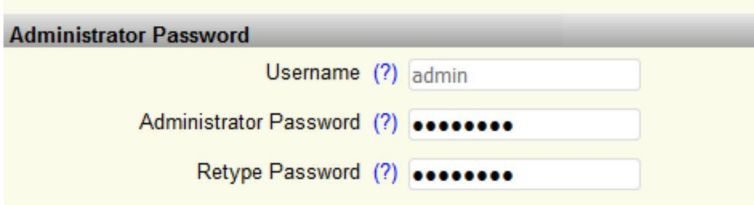
### Facts

- In delivery state, the password is “private”.
- The default password is given in the user manual and therefore accessible for everybody.
- Attackers try to access the system via default passwords.
- ⇒ **Immediately change the default password during startup. The minimum password length is eight characters.**

### Configuration via web interface

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- Switch to the “Quick Setup” tab.
- Enter the new password.
- Repeat the password in the field below.

Figure 1-1 Changing the password



**Administrator Password**

Username (?) admin

Administrator Password (?) ●●●●●●●●

Retype Password (?) ●●●●●●●●



### 1.3 Using the current firmware version

Phoenix Contact regularly releases firmware updates for network components. The firmware updates fix bugs and security gaps and may contain new firmware functions. To make best use of the switch, always use the latest firmware version.

#### Facts

- Outdated firmware may be an open door to attackers. Regularly check the firmware version.
- ⇒ **Install new firmware promptly. Download the latest firmware from the product page of the corresponding switch at [phoenixcontact.net/products](http://phoenixcontact.net/products).**

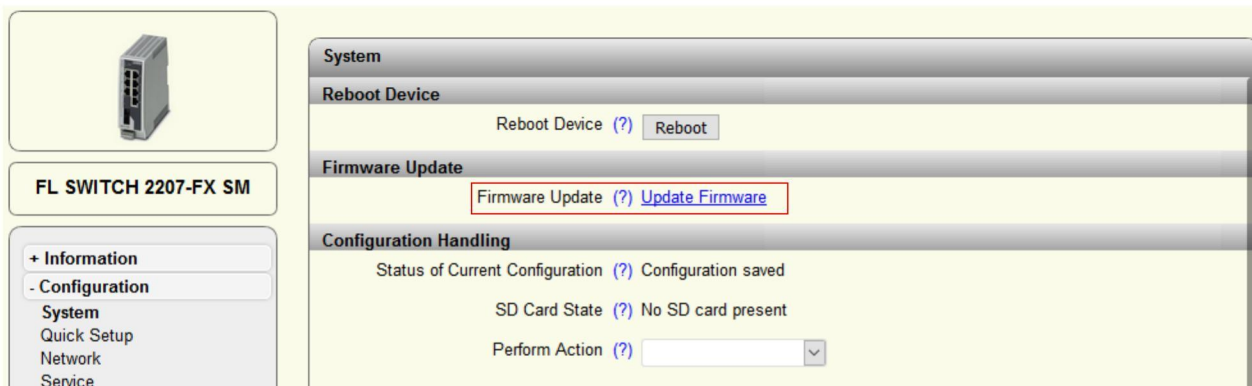
#### Configuration via web interface

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- You can read the current firmware status in the web-based management of the switch under “Device Status”.

Figure 1-2 Displaying the firmware version


| Device Status                |                                 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>Device Identification</b> |                                 |
| Vendor                       | : Phoenix Contact GmbH & Co. KG |
| Address                      | : D-32823 Blomberg              |
| Phone                        | : +49 -(0)5235 -3-00            |
| Internet                     | : www.PhoenixContact.com        |
| Type                         | : FL SWITCH 2207-FX             |
| Order No                     | : 2702328                       |
| Serial No                    | : 5555555555                    |
| Firmware Version             | : 2.90                          |
| Hardware Version             | : 00                            |

Figure 1-3 Firmware update



The screenshot shows the web interface for an FL SWITCH 2207-FX SM. On the left, there is a navigation menu with options: + Information, - Configuration, System, Quick Setup, Network, and Service. The main content area is titled 'System' and contains three sections: 'Reboot Device' with a 'Reboot' button, 'Firmware Update' with a highlighted 'Update Firmware' link, and 'Configuration Handling' with status information and a dropdown menu for 'Perform Action'.


- To update the firmware, use the “System” menu item, and there the “Update Firmware” link.
- You can implement the firmware update via HTTP or TFTP.

 For detailed instruction please refer to the user manual UM EN SW FL SWITCH 2000 configuration “Configuration of the FL SWITCH 2000 and FL NAT 2000 product family” at [phoenixcontact.net/qr/2702323](http://phoenixcontact.net/qr/2702323).

## 1.4 Using safe transmission protocols for device management

In delivery state, communication with the Phoenix Contact switches can be started via the unsafe protocols Telnet, HTTP and SNMP. This enables easy initial startup.

Initial startup is possible via the web interface. The FL NETWORK MANAGER software from Phoenix Contact is available for starting up entire network structures.

 During operation, you should disable the unsafe access points or switch to a safe transmission mode.

### Facts

#### Telnet

- Telnet is activated in delivery state.
- No security features
- Passwords are transmitted in plain text.
- ⇒ **Use SSH instead of Telnet or disable the function.**

#### HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)

- HTTP is activated in delivery state.
- HTTP is uncoded with few security features.
- Access point for attacks and worms
- ⇒ **Use HTTPS (Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure) or disable this function.**

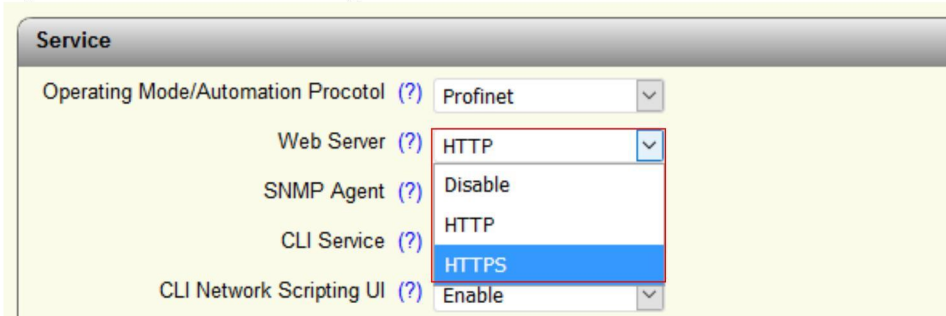
#### SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

- SNMPv2 is activated in delivery state.
- SNMPv2 only uses communities (similar to a password) that are transmitted in plain text.
- SNMPv3 is a secure protocol (with user and password).
- ⇒ **Use SNMPv3 or disable the function.**

### Configuration via web interface

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- On the “Service” web page, you can either disable the services HTTP, Telnet and SNMP or switch to secure services.

Figure 1-4 Web server configuration

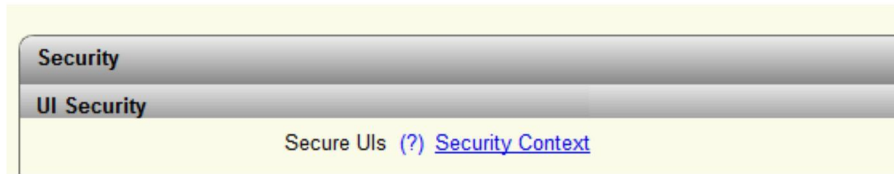


When using SSH, you have to create the “Security Context”.

During creation of the security context, a certificate is created for communication via HTTPS. The certificate is used for the browser.

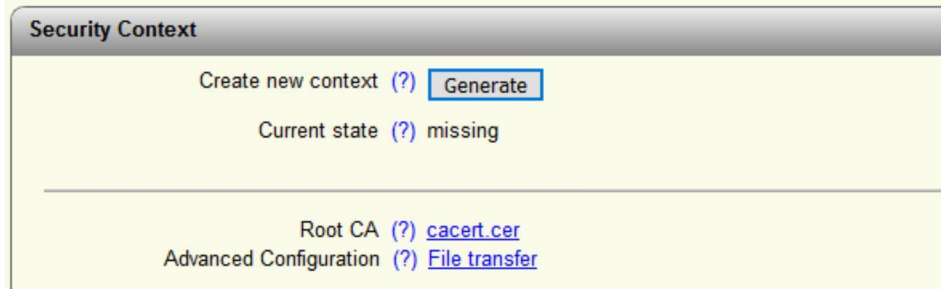


Figure 1-5 Security context



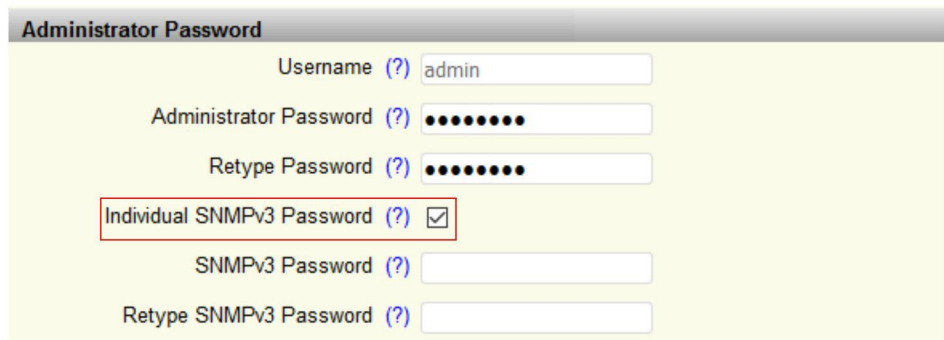
- Change to the “Security” web page.
- Use the “Generate” button to create a “Security Context”.
- For communication via HTTPS, download the “Root CA” certificate and install it in your browser.

Figure 1-6 Creating a security context



- After switching to SNMPv3, the admin password is automatically set as the SNMPv3 password.
- On the “System” web page, a password can be customized under “Administrator Password”.

Figure 1-7 Customized SNMPv3 password



## 1.5 Disabling unused services

Different services are of great benefit during startup. They include dynamic allocation options for the management IP address of a switch. IP parameters can be allocated from a central point via DHCP, BootP or DCP.

Another service is LLDP (Link Layer Discovery Protocol). With this service, a switch sends neighborhood information to all directly connected devices. In a PROFINET network, e.g., this way, the controller receives all information required for a PROFINET device change. In addition, LLDP is also used by different network, configuration and monitoring tools to read the topology. The Phoenix Contact software for the FL NETWORK MANAGER network monitoring also uses this service.

### Facts

#### Disabling DHCP and BootP

- DHCP and BootP are active services and are used for the reception of dynamic IP information.
- Attackers can misuse this service.
- ⇒ **Use static IP addresses.**

#### Disabling LLDP

- LLDP is used for neighborhood detection.
- The switch regularly transmits information about itself.
- Via LLDP, configuration characteristics of the switch can be read.
- LLDP is enabled in delivery state.
- Attackers can receive information.
- ⇒ **Only enable LLDP for PROFINET applications or for network monitoring software (such as the FL NETWORK MANAGER).**

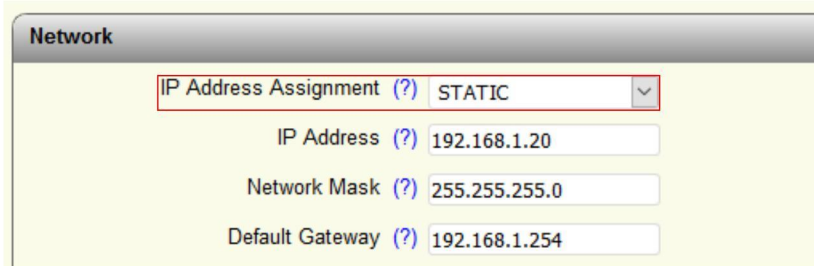
**Configuration via web interface**

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- On the “Network” web page, you can disable the BootP and DHCP services by setting the IP address assignment mode to “STATIC”.

The following parameters can now be configured statically:

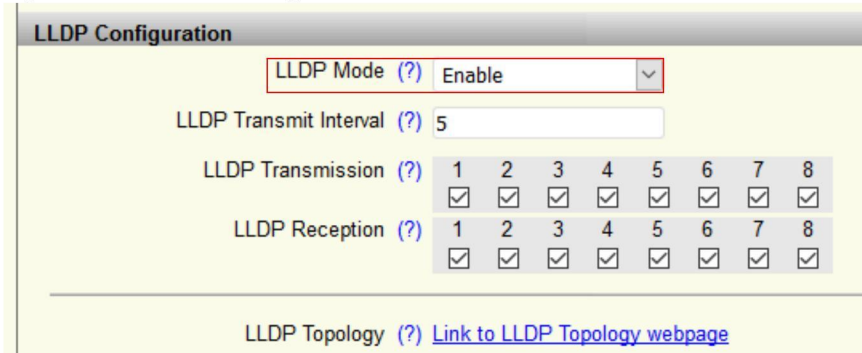
- IP Address Set the desired IP address.
- Network Mask Set the desired subnet mask here.
- Default Gateway Set the desired default gateway here.
- DNS Server Set the IP address of the DNS server here. You can configure up to two DNS server addresses.

Figure 1-8 BootP configuration



- Navigate to the “Service” web page. You can disable LLDP globally for the switch. As an alternative, you can exclude only certain ports from transmission and/or reception. You will also find a link to the LLDP topology.

Figure 1-9 LLDP configuration



## 1.6 Disabling unused automation protocols

Most Phoenix Contact switches support both a mode for PROFINET and a mode for EtherNet/IP™. In these modes, special information is exchanged between a controller and the switches. For the standard versions these protocols are not enabled in delivery state and should only be used in appropriate networks. If for a switch of the FL SWITCH 2... series, the order designation contains “PN”, PROFINET is enabled in delivery state.

### Facts

#### PROFINET

- The PROFINET mode enables the functions that are typical for PROFINET (PN device, LLDP, ...).
- The “PROFINET Configuration” web page is only visible if PROFINET mode is enabled.
- Via LLDP, configuration characteristics of the switch can be read.
- By default, LLDP is enabled.
- ⇒ **Disable LLDP if it is not required.**

#### EtherNet/IP

- The EtherNet/IP mode enables the functions typical for EtherNet/IP (e.g., multicast filtering).
- Via EtherNet/IP, data relevant for asset management systems can be independently identified and read.
- ⇒ **Only enable EtherNet/IP if it is required.**

### Configuration via web interface

In delivery state, the automation protocols are disabled for the standard versions.

If for a switch of the FL SWITCH 2... series, the order designation contains “PN”, PROFINET is enabled in delivery state.

The configurable modes can be found on the “Service” web page under “Operating Mode”.

Figure 1-10 Changing the operating mode



## 1.7 Disabling unused routers or switch ports

Openly accessible Ethernet ports enable easy on-site access to the corresponding network. Free Ethernet ports also provide a good opportunity for connecting a laptop for maintenance or network diagnostics. During planning, take into consideration additional free ports that are disabled during regular operation. This way you prevent security gaps.

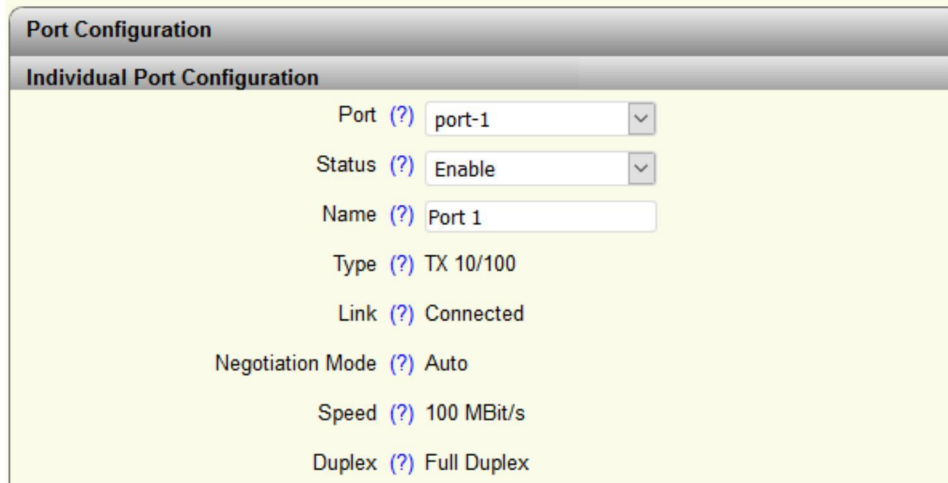
### Facts

- Unauthorized access via open ports
  - During planning, consider diagnostic ports.
  - Diagnostic ports play an important role in a network.
  - During regular operation, diagnostic ports have to be switched off.
- ⇒ **Disable all free ports at routers and switches.**

**Configuration via web interface**

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.  
On the “Port Configuration” web page, you can disable individual ports.

Figure 1-11 Individual port configuration



**Port Configuration**

**Individual Port Configuration**

Port (?) port-1

Status (?) Enable

Name (?) Port 1

Type (?) TX 10/100

Link (?) Connected

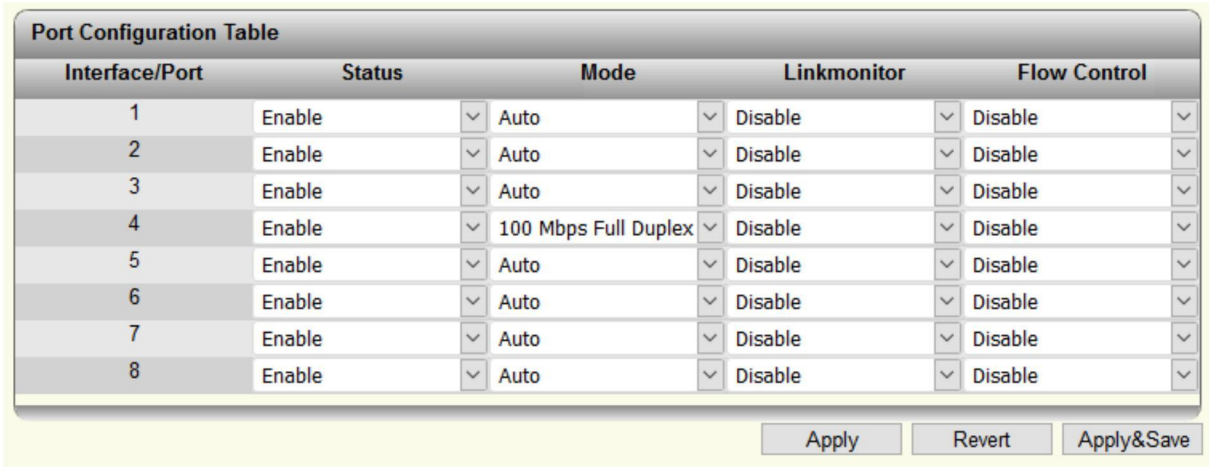
Negotiation Mode (?) Auto

Speed (?) 100 MBit/s

Duplex (?) Full Duplex

- The port configuration table is useful if you want to disable several ports at the same time. You can reach the table via the “Port Configuration Table” link at the end of the port configuration web page:

Figure 1-12 Port configuration table



| Interface/Port | Status | Mode                 | Linkmonitor | Flow Control |
|----------------|--------|----------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 2              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 3              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 4              | Enable | 100 Mbps Full Duplex | Disable     | Disable      |
| 5              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 6              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 7              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |
| 8              | Enable | Auto                 | Disable     | Disable      |

Apply Revert Apply&Save



## 1.8 Disabling the SD card

The SD card in the series 2000 switches serves for saving the configuration. However, the SD card can also be used for manipulation. The use of SD cards is not limited to SD cards from Phoenix Contact.

To receive an alarm when an SD card is used, you can use the alarm contact or an SNMP trap.

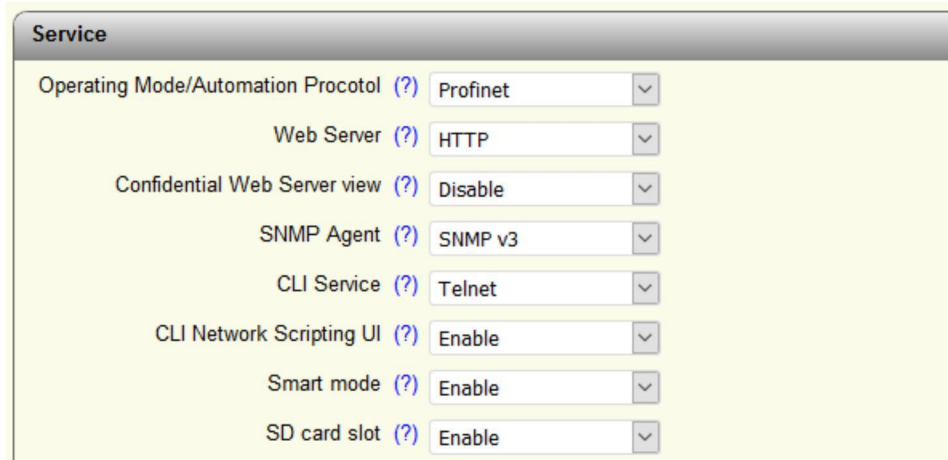
### Facts

- The SD card is an interface that can be used for manipulation.
- The SD card enables quick configuration after a device exchange.
- ⇒ **Disable the SD card slot if no SD card is used.**

### Configuration via web interface

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- On the “Service” web page, you can disable the SD card slot.

Figure 1-13 Disabling the SD card slot



| Service                                |          |
|--|----------|
| Operating Mode/Automation Protocol (?) | Profinet |
| Web Server (?)                         | HTTP     |
| Confidential Web Server view (?)       | Disable  |
| SNMP Agent (?)                         | SNMP v3  |
| CLI Service (?)                        | Telnet   |
| CLI Network Scripting UI (?)           | Enable   |
| Smart mode (?)                         | Enable   |
| SD card slot (?)                       | Enable   |

## 1.9 Disabling smart mode buttons

The series 2000 switches support the “Smart Mode”. This mode allows for setting different modes using a mode button. Different automation protocols can be enabled, but the mode button can also be used to reset the device to delivery state. The function is explained in the user manual and accessible to everyone. To prevent unauthorized manipulation of the switch, disable the smart mode.

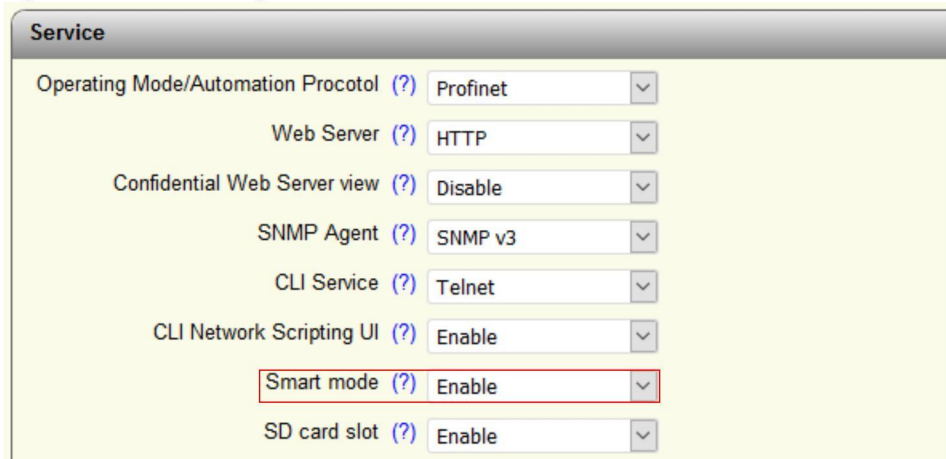
### Facts

- Via the mode button, the switch can be reset to delivery state without a password.
  - The function of the smart mode is explained in the user manual and accessible to everyone.
- ⇒ **During operation, switch off the smart mode.**

### Configuration via web interface

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- On the “Service” web page, you can disable the smart mode.

Figure 1-14 Disabling the smart mode



| Service                                |               |
|--|---------------|
| Operating Mode/Automation Protocol (?) | Profinet      |
| Web Server (?)                         | HTTP          |
| Confidential Web Server view (?)       | Disable       |
| SNMP Agent (?)                         | SNMP v3       |
| CLI Service (?)                        | Telnet        |
| CLI Network Scripting UI (?)           | Enable        |
| <b>Smart mode (?)</b>                  | <b>Enable</b> |
| SD card slot (?)                       | Enable        |

## 1.10 Using the RADIUS protocol and MAC-based port security

The RADIUS protocol and the MAC-based port security serve as access protection. Both mechanisms check if a device is authorized to participate in network communication.

The MAC-based port security is a local mechanism on the switch. Here, the communication of a device can be allowed for using the MAC address and for individual ports.

The RADIUS protocol serves for the same purpose. Here, access to a network is also limited. However, authentication is not implemented via the MAC address, but via a user and password. The switch then forwards this information to a RADIUS server. The server checks the data and allows or prohibits the switch to let the connected end device participate in network communication.

### Facts

#### MAC-based port security

- Access regulation using the MAC address
- Up to 50 MAC addresses are permitted per port.
- Each MAC address can only be permitted at one port.
- MAC addresses that are permitted at one port cannot be statically or dynamically learned at other ports.
- ⇒ **The web-based management or network cannot be accessed via a MAC address that is permitted at another port.**

#### RADIUS authentication

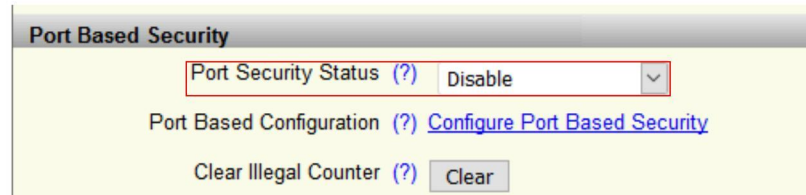
- Access regulation using user and password
- Users are created on a server.
- If new devices are connected, the switch requests from the server if the device is allowed to participate in network traffic.
- ⇒ **The web-based management or network can only be accessed via an authenticated MAC address.**

### Configuration via web interface

#### MAC-based port security

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.  
The “Security” web page provides an option to enable the “Port Based Security”.

Figure 1-15 Enabling Port Based Security



- The settings can be found in the “Configure Port Based Security” link, directly below the global enable option.  
Here, you can enter the MAC address for the corresponding port into the whitelist.

Figure 1-16 Entering the MAC addresses for Port Based Security

**Port Based Security**

Port (?) port-1  
 Name (?) Port 1  
 Security Mode (?) None  
 Last MAC Address Learnt (?) 00:00:00:00:00:00 - 0  
 Illegal Address Counter (?) 0

| Index | Description | MAC Address       | VLAN ID |
|-------|-------------|-------------------|---------|
| 1     |             | 00:A0:45:00:00:00 | 1       |

Add new entry

MAC Address: 00:00:00:00:00:00  
 VLAN ID: 1

**RADIUS authentication**

- Log in to the web-based management of the switch. Log in using the corresponding password.
- On the “Security” web page, you will find the “Global RADIUS Authentication Server Configuration” area. Here, you enter the data for the RADIUS server.

Figure 1-17 RADIUS configuration

**Global Radius Authentication Server Configuration**

Radius Server (?) 0.0.0.0  
 Radius Server Port (?) 1812  
 Radius Shared Secret (?) .....

---

Dot1x Authenticator (?) Disable  
 Port Authentication Table (?) [Dot1x Port Configuration Table](#)  
 Port Authentication (?) [Dot1x Port Configuration](#)

- Under the “Dot1x Port Configuration Table”, you can configure all switch ports simultaneously. For port-specific detailed configurations, use the “Dot1x Port Configuration Table”.

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